



Implementing the EOSC Roadmap

Συμπόσιο: "Ανοικτή Επιστήμη στον ελληνικό ερευνητικό ιστό: ερευνητικές διαδικασίες, ερευνητικά δεδομένα, συνεργασίες"

29 Νοεμβρίου 2018

Athanasios Karalopoulos, Policy Officer European Commission, Directorate General Research & Innovation (DG RTD) Unit B2 – Open Science

> Research and Innovation

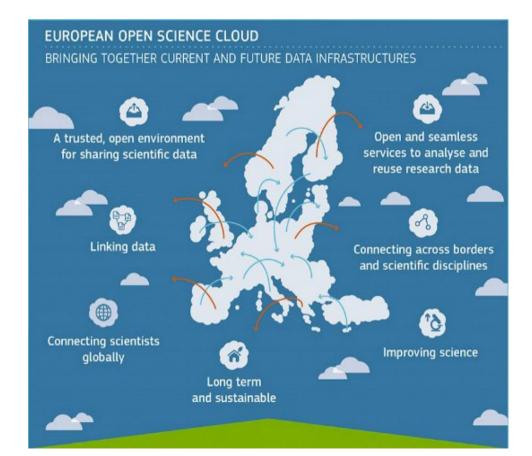
The vision



"Europe's final transition must be one from fragmented data sets to an integrated European Open Science Cloud. By 2020, we want all European researchers to be able to deposit, access and analyse European scientific data through a European Open Science Cloud.."

Speech by Commissioner Carlos Moedas in Amsterdam, NL:
"Open science: share and succeed", 4 April 2016

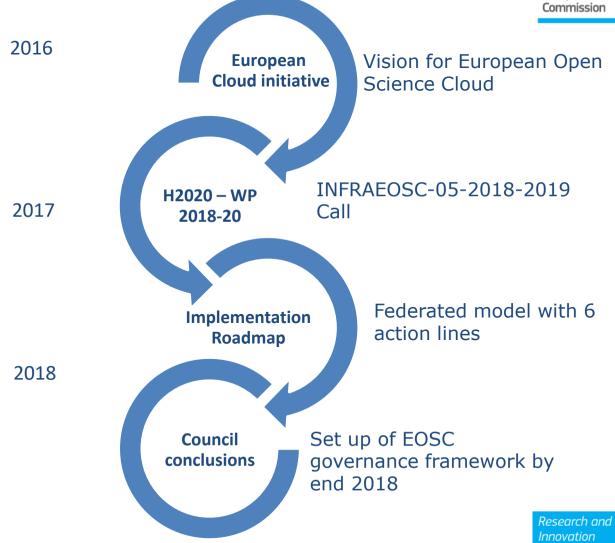
- ➤ EOSC will provide 1.7m EU researchers an environment with free, open services for data storage, management, analysis and re-use across disciplines
- EOSC will join existing and emerging horizontal and thematic data infrastructures, bridging todays fragmentation and ad-hoc solutions
- EOSC will add value (scale, data-driven science, interdisciplinarity, faster innovation) and leverage past infrastructure investment (10b per year by MS, two decades EU investment)



History of the EOSC file



European



Actions	Timeline			
The Commission will work with global policy and research partners to foster cooperation and to create a level playing field in scientific data sharing and data-driven science.	As of 2016	OECD, RDA, G7		
The Commission will use the Horizon 2020 Work Programmes to provide funding to integrate and consolidate e-infrastructure platforms, to federate existing research infrastructures and scientific clouds and to support the	As of 2016			
		WP2018-20		
development of cloud-based services for Open Science.		1 JAN 2017		
The Commission will make open research data the default option, while ensuring opt-outs, for all new projects of the Horizon 2020 programme.	As of 2017			
The Commission will review the 2012 Commission Recommendation on	As of 2017			
access to and preservation of scientific information ⁴¹ to encourage scientific data sharing and the creation of incentive schemes, rewards systems and education and training programmes for researchers and businesses to share	ing and the creation of incentive schemes, rewards systems and and training programmes for researchers and businesses to share			
data, in close relation with the DSM 'Free flow of data' initiative.				
The Commission will work with Member States to connect the priority European research infrastructures ⁴² to the European Open Science Cloud.	As of 2017	WP2018-20		
Together with stakeholders and relevant global initiatives, the Commission	By end 2017			
will work towards an Action Plan for scientific data interoperability, including 'meta-data', specifications and certification.		FAIR Action Plan		

a. Architecture

Architecture of the federated infrastructures as the solution to the current fragmentation in research data infrastructures which are insufficiently interoperable.

b. Data

FAIR data management and tools. A common data language to ensure data stewardship across borders/disciplines based on FAIR principles.

c. Services

Available services from a user perspective. A rich environment offering a wide range of services covering the needs of the users.

d. Access & Interface

Mechanisms/interfaces for accessing EOSC. A simple way for dealing with open data obligations or accessing research data across different disciplines.

e. Rules

Rules of participation for different EOSC actors. An opportunity to comply with existing legal and technical frameworks and increase legal certainty & trust.

f. Governance

Governance of the EOSC, aiming at ensuring EU leadership in data-driven science but requiring new governance frameworks.

Not a cloud made in Brussels



European Commission



EOSC Summit 2017 & 2018







- 180 key participants, representing all categories and scientific fields
- 15 research funders and 30 officials from Member States and Associated Countries
- 1000+ viewers via web stream
- Extensive coverage via Twitter in the EU, USA and Canada (tweets and retweets reached 350k+ people)



EOSC Declaration



- 33 high level statements meant to capture our common understanding on the required & underpin the EOSC implementation
 - ✓ Data culture & FAIR data,
 - ✓ Research data services & architecture,
 - ✓ Governance and funding
- The EOSC Declaration set in motion decision-making processes at various stakeholders.
- The list of signatories of the EOSC Declaration have been maintained by the EC and will be handed over to the EOSC governance.
- Currently signed by up to 100 scientific stakeholders* (so called 'Coalition of the Doers').

^{*} EOSC Signatories available here: https://ec.europa.eu/research/openscience/pdf/list of institutions endorsing the eosc declaration.pdf

EOSC Declaration



Commitments to action

- Types of stakeholders who committed to one or more implementing actions to support EOSC:
 - ✓ Research funders
 - ✓ Scientific organisations
 - ✓ Research infrastructures and e-Infrastructure providers
 - ✓ Other (e.g. project consortia)
- Types of commitments:
 - ✓ To gear several of their core and strategic activities towards implementation of the EOSC Research funders
 - ✓ To the practical application of FAIR data principles, including certification.
 - ✓ To provide input touching upon EOSC strategy and governance
 - ✓ To wide-ranging actions involving large scientific communities
- The full list of commitments will be handed over to the EOSC governance.



Public consultations



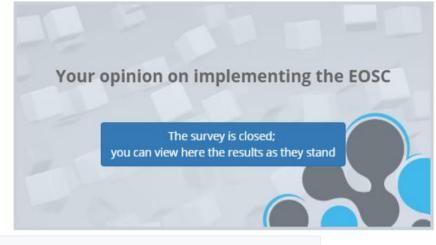
EOSC Rules of Participation

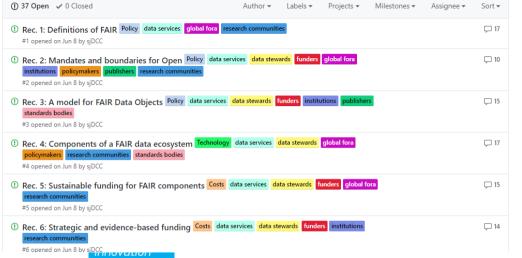
Input on the recommendations: https://eoscpilot.eu/open-consultation

Turning FAIR into reality

Input on the report: http://bit.ly/interim FAIR report

Input on the proposed "FAIR Data Action Plan": https://github.com/FAIR-Data-EG/Action-Plan



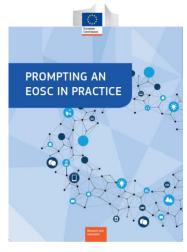




Prompting an EOSC in practice



EOSC 2nd High Level Expert Group



Available at the EU Bookstore:

EOSC 2nd High Level Expert Group (Jun 17 – Dec 19)



Chair 2nd EOSC HLEG



Professor and Vice-president for research of the Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de



Senior researcher at the Spanish National Research Council (CSIC)



Adviser, Department of Research Policy, Estonian Ministry of Education and Research





Deputy Head of Information Systems and Technologies Division



FOKUS, Institute for Open



ZBW - Leibniz Information Centre



Professor at the University of



Chief of Bio-Informatics at



Commons, and the Research Data

Aim: To mark a transition towards the practical implementation of the EOSC and to set the scene to the practical launch the EOSC

- Focus: Governance Structure, Rules of Participation and Business model options
- **32 recommendations** are provided, clustered in Implementation, Engagement and Steering



Prompting an EOSC in practice



Key elements in the report

- ✓ Vision The EOSC as interlinking people, data, services & trainings, publications, projects, and organisations across borders and scientific disciplines
- ✓ MVE Discussion on how to make EOSC a Minimum Viable Ecosystem
- ✓ Business models 3 valid alternatives for funding the EOSC have been outlined
- ✓ The stimulating set of practical recommendations including on EOSC portal
- ✓ Preliminary list of possible WGs



Prompting an EOSC in practice



IMPLEMENTATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Serve all researchers & all research support units
- 2. Have new projects define KPIs or metrics in work plans to respond how EOSC benefits them
- 3. Increase availability & volume of quality & user-friendly scientific information online
- 4. Select standards & community-endorsed best practices
- 5. Use international fora as vehicles to support

FOR THE EOSC PORTAL

 Define 2 sets of rules of participation for MVE 1) data, service & infrastructure providers; 2) users;

Commission

- 8. Marketplace of efficient and effective services,
- Involve industry in EOSC, utilising data & services marketplace
- 10. Services are **independent**, **interoperable** and **exchangeable** building blocks
- 11.Developopen, **sustainable, versioned, documented**, & energy-consumption-aware software
- 12. Meet user needs
- 13. Simplify early (beta) participation by all
- 14. Access management to services/resources
- 15. Provide environment for co-development, testing & innovation.

SUPPLY & DEMAND SIDE

- 4. Stimulate the supply side
- 5. Stimulate the demand side

ENGAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

EOSC FOR MS, NATIONAL & INTERNATIONAL

- 1. Create career-enhancing incentives
- 2. Develop, both at Member State & EU level, appropriate engagement schemes
- 3. Take national and international developments into account

STEERING RECOMMENDATIONS

TRUST, NOVEL IDEAS & ADVANCED PARTNERSHIPS

- 1. Base research support around the concept of trust
- 2. Ensure WG cover the latest scientific and organisational trends & novel ideas
- 3. Harness inputs
- Pursue advanced partnerships, support to lagging countries

GUIDELINES, LIVING DOCUMENTS & SYNERGIES

- Guidelines and rules separated into stability and trust. All guidelines & rules accounted for
- 6. Synergise with cybersecurity competence centres & WISE trust community support shared security model

FOR SKILLS, MONITORING, BUSINESS MODELS & POLICY

- Build a workforce who are trained & supported adequately.
- 17. Monitor data access & reuse
- 18. Effective combination of different types of business models
- 19. Introduce funding instruments in Horizon Europe & capacity building programmes.
- 20. Define & enforce data management policies
- 21. Define an EOSC Helpdesk



Research and Innovation



Available at the EU Bookstore

FAIR Data Expert Group



Simon Hodson, CODATA Chair of FAIR Data EG



Rūta Petrauskaité, Vytautas Magnus University



Peter Wittenburg, Max Planck Computing & Data Facility



Sarah Jones, Digital Curation Centre (DCC), Rapporteur



Science Institute. University of Virginia



Leif Laaksonen, CSC-Françoise Genova Observatoire Astronomique IT Centre for Science



Digital Repository of Ireland - year 2 only





FAIR Data Expert Group

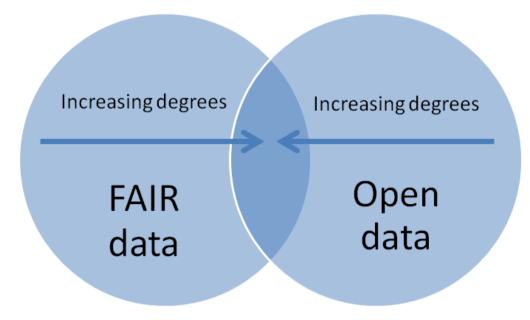
- Report and Action Plan: Take a holistic approach to lay out what needs to be done to make FAIR a reality, in general and for EOSC
- Addresses the following key areas: Concepts for FAIR, the FAIR data culture, the FAIR data ecosystem, skills, incentives and metrics, investment and sustainability.
- **Recommendations and Actions**: 27 clear recommendations. structured by these topics, are supported by precise actions for stakeholders.

Research and Innovation



Key Elements of the Report

- Extensive consultation: Over 500 comments and suggestions from c.50 stakeholder groups.
- To gain the greatest benefit and support EOSC, turning FAIR into reality must be supported by additional concepts and policies:
 - as Open as possible
 - prompt publication
 - good practices for selection, stewardship and sustainability.
- FAIR must **apply to all digital outputs** (including data, code, metadata etc).
- Need to address enabling practices and technologies.



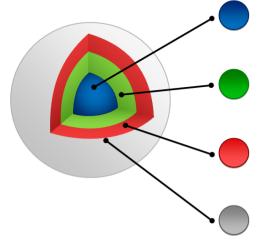


Innovation

- FAIR Digital Objects: FAIR requires a model for FAIR digital objects: outputs (data, software and other research resources) have appropriate PIDs, use standard formats, rich metadata, licenses.
- ➤ FAIR ecosystem: FAIR requires an ecosystem of components, including policies, DMPs, PIDs, specifications and standards, repositories and registries of these components.
- Interoperability frameworks: Essential to support research communities to develop interoperability frameworks (for traditional disciplines and for new interdisciplinary research areas).

 Research and

Key Concepts



DIGITAL OBJECT

Data, code and other research resources

At its most basic level, data or code is a bitstream or binary sequence. For this to have meaning and to be FAIR, it needs to be represented in standard formats and be accompanied by Persistent Identifiers (PIDs), metadata and documentation. These layers of meaning enrich the object and enable reuse.

IDENTIFIERS

Persistent and unique identifiers (PIDs)

Digital Objects should be assigned a unique and persistent identifier such as a DOI or URN. This enables stable links to the object and supports citation and reuse to be tracked. Identifiers should also be applied to other related concepts such as the data authors (ORCIDs), projects (RAIDs), funders and associated research resources (RRIDs).

STANDARDS & CODE

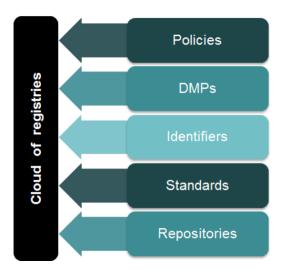
Open, documented formats

Digital Objects should be represented in common and ideally open file formats. This enables others to reuse them as the format is in widespreau use and software is available to read the files. Open and well-documented formats are easier to preserve. Data also need to be accompanied by the code use to process and analyse the data.

METADATA

Contextual documentation

In order for Digital Objects to be assessable and reusable, they should be accompanied by sufficient metadata and documentation. Basic metadata will enable data discovery, but much richer information and provenance is required to understand how, why, when and by whom the objects were created. To enable the broadest reuse, they should be accompanied by a plurality of relevant attributes and a clear and accessible usage license.





Key Messages

- > **Skills:** two skill sets / cohorts of professionals needed to support FAIR, data scientists and data stewards.
- Metrics and incentives:
 - Metrics needed for FAIR Digital Objects.
 - Metrics for FAIR services should build on existing certification such as CoreTrustSeal for trusted digital repositories.
 - Metrics must align to provide incentives for FAIR
- > Investment and sustainability:
 - > ROI for FAIR and Open data is considerable
 - Strategic and coordinated funding needed to maintain all the components of the FAIR ecosystem.

Research and Innovation





Recommendations and Actions

Embed and sustain Define Implement Concepts for FAIR Incentives and metrics for FAIR data ecosystem Skills for FAIR Investment in FAIR FAIR data culture implementation FAIR data and services Rec 1: Define FAIR for Rec 10: Professionalise data Rec 12: Develop metrics for implementation technologies science & stewardship roles **FAIR Digital Objects** Rec 11: Implement curriculum Rec 2: Implement a Model for Rec 8: Facilitate automated Rec 13 Develop metrics to FAIR Digital Objects frameworks and training processing certify FAIR services Rec 3: Develop components Rec 9: Certify FAIR services Above line = priority FAIR data & stewardship of a FAIR ecosystem recommendations Rec 22: Use information held Below line = supporting Rec 25: Implement and Rec 16: Apply FAIR broadly in DMPs monitor metrics recommendations Rec 23: Develop components Rec 17: Align and harmonise Rec 26: Support data citation to meet research needs FAIR and Open data policy and next generation metrics Rec 24: Incentivise research infrastructures to support FAIR data

Research and Innovation

EOSC model / Governance



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Governance framework



SCOPE

All actions needed for steering and overseeing the initial development of the EOSC (until end 2020) towards the EOSC federated model described in the EOSC Implementation Roadmap

EXPECTED DELIVERABLES

Strategic plan, Annual work plans, FAIR action plan, Rules of participation, mechanism for post-2020 governance, approach to extend user base to industry and public authorities

ACTORS

The governance should rely on the interplay between three components:

- EOSC Board
- EOSC Executive Board
- Stakeholders Forum

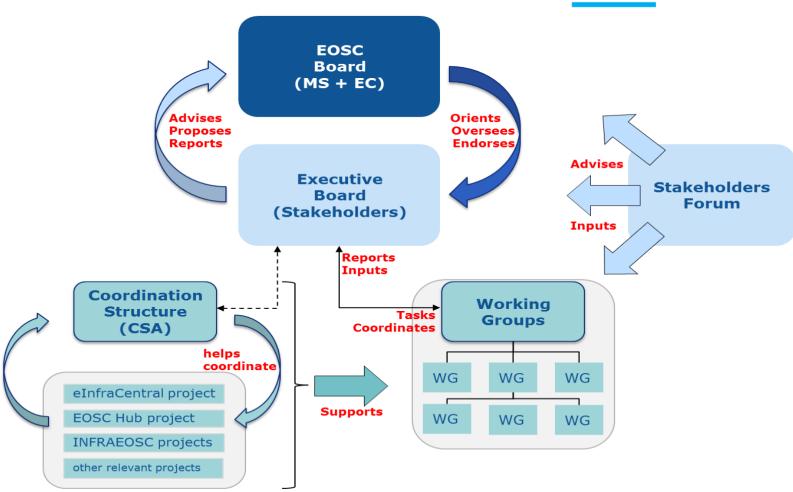


Governance framework



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Innovation



Three layer structure

- EOSC Board of MS/AC and EC representatives to ensure effective supervision of EOSC implementation
 - Working Group of the strategic configuration of the Programme Committee
- Executive Board of stakeholder representatives to help ensure proper EOSC implementation and accountability
 - Commission expert group
- > Stakeholder Forum to provide input from a wide range of actors
 - > Self-organised with EC support

EOSC Executive Board



Chair Karel LUYBEN – Representative of CESAER

Vice Chair Cathrin STÖVER - Representative of GEANT

Organisations and their representatives

- 1. CESAER represented by Karel LUYBEN
- 2. CESSDA ERIC represented by Ronald DEKKER
- 3. EMBL represented by Rupert LÜCK
- 4. European Spallation Source ERIC represented by John WOMERSLEY
- 5. GÉANT represented by Cathrin STÖVER
- 6. OPENAIRE represented by Natalia MANOLA
- 7. Research Data Alliance (RDA) represented by Juan BICARREGUI
- 8. Science Europe represented by Stephan KUSTER

Individual experts

- 1. Sarah JONES
- 2. Jean-François ABRAMATIC
- 3. Jan HRUSAK



Financing of EOSC



Phase 1, until 2020:

- the Commission will invest EUR 300 million to support the core functions of the EOSC as per milestones
- Member States would flag the national initiatives that they want to federate into the EOSC (e.g. the work of the Helmholz Data Alliance); and the resources they are willing to provide in kind
- > Research funders would start making costs eligible for FAIR data only

Phase 2, after 2020:

- To explore a mix of funding including possibly deposit fees from national funders
- Based on a full cost estimate for the running of the EOSC, conducted by the EOSC governance framework in Phase 1



EOSC model / Data



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EC proposal for FAIR components



European Commission

EOSC

Declaration

EOSC Council Conclusions

- Foster FAIR data
- Make optimal use of existing initiatives

Implementation Roadmap

- FAIR related actions. milestones and resources
- Commitments to change towards FAIR
- Data culture and skills
- Rewards & incentives
- Data tools and services

European Cloud Initiative

- Make open research data the default option

Support

implementation

Policy context



- FAIR DMPs

2018

2020

Policy implementation

Cost of not having FAIR 🏦 🐧 data

Demonstrate the

financial case

- Cost-benefit analysis
- Recommendations for sustainability



Maximize

- Turning FAIR data into 🏤 👗 reality

- FAIR data action plan





Provide guidance

efficiencies

Ensure governance

2019

European Research Interoperability Framework



- Annual FAIR data Work Plan



- FAIR data Working Group





- readiness
- FAIR data maturity model

- Core assessment

criteria



Research and Innovation

certification

Promote

- Accreditation certification scheme



Target groups



Policy makers



Funders



Researchers



Infrastructures



Coordination Fora



Thank you for your attention

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Team leader: Michel SCHOUPPE

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Emanuele BARBAROSSA

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